#### ERICH G. JERSCHEID, PLLC

VIA FACSIMILE (662) 887-7077 Honorable Carolyn Hamilton Clerk of the Court, for Circuit Court of Sunflower County 200 Main Street Indianola, MS 387501

RE: In re James R. Bobo

March 10, 2017

Dear Madam Clerk:

Enclosed herewith please find for filing: *Notice of Special Appearance & For Expedited Application: Motion for M.R.C.P. 65 Protection & Petition for Extraordinary Relief* for James R. Bobo. Also, please find what I believe to be a standard form witness subpoena.

I ask that you kindly stamp same as appropriate with either a seal or "file." Absent unforeseen circumstances, originals of same will be provided by hand-delivery on Monday, March 13, 2017.

I am out of town on Friday March 10, 2017, but I remain reachable by cell phone and should be available by cell phone at (601) 398-9942.

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Erich G. Jerscheid

EGJ

Encl.

cc: File

See, Certificate of Service

IN THE CIRCUIT COU	T OF SUNFLOWER COUNTY, STATE OF MISSISSIPP
(	AUSE NO.:

## IN RE: JAMES R. BOBO

IN THE MATTER OF: STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, UPON CRIMINAL AFFIDAVIT BY EARNEST LEE

V.

JAMES R. BOBO, IN HIS CAPACITY AS AN INVESTIGATOR FOR MDOC

NOTICE OF SPECIAL APPEARANCE & FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION:
MOTION FOR M.R.C.P. 65 PROTECTION
& PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF

## **INTRODUCTION & OVERVIEW**

Petitioner, James R. Bobo, seeks extraordinary relief and expedited judgment against persons acting for the State of Mississippi, in a prosecutorial capacity as well as Earnest Lee (Lee) for impending injury in-fact and law.

### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 1. James Bobo, Petitioner, ("Bobo") is classified as an Internal Affairs Coordinator who serves as an Investigator with the Criminal Investigations Division (CID) for the Mississippi Department of Corrections (MDOC) at the Mississippi State Penitentiary located in Parchman Mississippi.
- 2. On or about February 16, 2017 the Circuit Clerk's Office of Sunflower County issued a Writ to Bobo compelling his appearance at a probable cause hearing to testify for the State of Mississippi. Bobo is the Defendant.
- 3. Acknowledging there exists statutory penalties in the event of non-compliance, Petitioner's appearance is designated to be a special appearance to contest the matters asserted herein.

- 4. The legislature provides heightened protections for Bobo in matters of this type, including a probable cause hearing. This protection goes into effect when it is alleged Bobo violated Mississippi criminal statutes during the exercise of his duties as a peace officer for the State of Mississippi.
- 5. Earnest Lee ("Lee") is the Superintendent of the Mississippi State Penitentiary at Parchman. Recently, and while Bobo acted in compliance with MDOC administrative procedures, Lee filed a criminal charging affidavit against Bobo under an unspecified statute. It is believed that Lee's affidavit serves as the basis for the impending probable cause Hearing.
- 6. Previously, on or about January 9, 2017 MDOC Administration concluded an internal investigation on an ancillary matter related to the underlying criminal investigation wherein Bobo and others investigated an assault upon an inmate.
- 7. According to the internal investigation, Lee assaulted Bobo and another CID Investigator during their criminal investigation and the Investigators for MDOC Administration found no illegal or unethical wrong-doing by Bobo. Bobo remains in his position.
- 8. Proceeding in an abundance of caution, Counsel filed for Bobo a Petition seeking Extraordinary Relief with the Mississippi Supreme Court. On or about March 8, 2017 that Petition was dismissed without prejudice.

# APPLICABLE LEGAL STANDARD & AUTHORITATIVE GROUNDS FOR WHICH EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF SHOULD BE GRANTED

9. Expedited proceedings for extraordinary relief at the trial court level are governed by Rule 65 of the Mississippi Rules of Civil Procedure. See, M.R.C.P. 65. According to statute, the Circuit Court shall issue a judgment commanding someone of which the law specially enjoins as a duty resulting from an office, trust, or station, where there is not a plain, adequate, and speedy remedy in the ordinary course of law. See, Miss. Code. Ann. § 11-41-1 (West). In other words, it is mandated

relief against a person to do or not to do an act in the performance or omission of which the law specially enjoins as a duty resulting from an office. See, Miss. Code. Ann. § 11-41-1 (West).

# A. THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENT TO PROSECUTE FAILS TO COMPLY WITH DUE PROCESS & CONFLICTS WITH A PROSECUTOR'S FUNCTION

- 10. With respect, a prosecutor's special responsibilities become denigrated under this narrow set of facts and law: See, M.R.C.P. 3.8 (a prosecutor in a criminal case shall refrain from prosecuting a charge he knows is not supported by probable cause). By statute however, a County Prosecutor shall prosecute all cases therein which he is required by law to prosecute. See, Miss. Code. Ann. § 9-9-31 (West). In some instances, the State may seek a specially-appointed prosecutor. Regardless, the statutory requirement to prosecute impedes the prosecutor's ability to exercise restraint by independence.
- 11. Although this statute mandates the probable cause proceeding, Bobo is without legal recourse for relief prior; a hearing which is requisite to the issuance of an arrest warrant where the individual is engaged in the performance of their duties. See, Miss. Code. Ann. § 99-3-28 (West).
- 12. Simply the statutory mandate to prosecute by the State should yield to individual standing requirements and the right to petition the government without the State's prosecutorial assistance if there is a basis in-fact and in law.

# B. AFFIANT LACKS STANDING TO INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

- 13. Authority to prosecute on behalf of the State of Mississippi comes in two (2) forms: by statute and the Mississippi Constitution. Earnest Lee's employment as Superintendent of the State Penitentiary fits neither. Mississippi's legislature does not authorize "private prosecutions" in the name of the State.
- 14. The United States Supreme Court has quashed the right of private prosecution in federal court on grounds of standing. Accordingly, it is well-accepted that a private citizen has no

general interest to determine whether prosecution is proper. See, e.g., Linda R.S. v. Richard D., 410 U.S. 614 (1973) (stating that "in American jurisprudence . . . a private citizen lacks a judicially cognizable interest in the prosecution or nonprosecution of another"); Smith v. Kreiger, 389 Fed. Appx. 789 (10th Cir. 2010) (ruling that, in the federal system, prosecutors have exclusive authority to prosecute crimes and that a private citizen "has no right to initiate a criminal prosecution"); Kailey v. Chambers, 261 P.3d 792 (Colo. Ct. App. 2011) (collecting cases and concluding that private citizens cannot seek arrest warrants). There is simply no right of private prosecution instituted on behalf of the State" and the State should have no interest in prosecuting a matter that has already been addressed.

- 15. [P]arties have standing to bring 'when they assert a colorable interest in the subject matter of the litigation or experience an adverse effect from the conduct of the defendant, or as otherwise provided by law.' " See, Crook v. City of Madison, 168 So. 3d 930, 935 (Miss. 2015); Brent v. Mathis, 154 So.3d 842, 845 (Miss. 2014) (quoting Hall v. City of Ridgeland, 37 So.3d 25, 33 (Miss. 2010)).
- 16. The legislature has recognized the broad and general authority of the Attorney General to prosecute crime by designating the Attorney General as the "chief legal officer and advisor for the state, both civil and criminal." Miss. Code Ann. § 7-5-1. Accordingly, there is no standing for a private citizen to institute criminal prosecution on behalf of the State of Mississippi where the State has concluded the matter.
- 17. Simply stated, Earnest Lee's authority to bring this matter on behalf of the State is glaringly absent. Lee has no standing to privately prosecute this matter for action taken "against the peace and dignity of the State of Mississippi" nor does he appear to be a member of the Mississippi Bar.

# C. <u>ANY PROSECUTION PROCEEDING IS BARRED</u> BY PRECLUSION DOCTRINES & DOUBLE JEOPARDY

18. Similarly, the prosecution and the impending matter to be addressed by the Circuit Court is precluded by res judicata and arguably barred by collateral estoppel. "Under Mississippi law,

res judicata or collateral estoppel precludes re-litigation of administrative decisions." E.g., Smith v. Univ. of Miss., 797 So.2d 956, 963 (Miss.2001). MDOC Administration has investigated the matter. Lee's criminal affidavit stifles basic doctrines as well as Petitioner's rights to due process.

- 19. At their core, doctrinal bars to litigation preclude parties from re-litigating issues authoritatively decided on their merits in prior litigation to which they were parties or in privity. See, Marcum v. Mississippi Valley Gas Co., Inc., 672 So. 2d 730, 733 (Miss. 1996) (quoting) (State ex rel. Moore v. Molpus, 578 So.2d 624 (Miss. 1991).
- 20. The United States District Court found the law to be clear, "when a state agency acting in a judicial capacity ... resolves disputed issues of fact properly before it which the parties have had an adequate opportunity to litigate, federal courts must give the agency's fact-finding the same preclusive effect to which it would be entitled in the State's courts." See, Goff v. Singing River Health System, 6 F. Supp. 3d 704, 709 (S.D. Miss. 2014). See also, MARY E. HENRY V. MDES., Unempl.Ins.Rep. (CCH) P 9412337 (The court must not reweigh the evidence from underlying employment Board proceedings).
- 21. Here, and as provided in its report dated January 9, 2017 MDOC Administration concluded the matter after a thorough investigation, which included an interview with Earnest Lee and several others. MDOC closed the matter without further incident; any of those quasi-judicial proceedings preclude re-litigation. When a liberty interest becomes restrained by a particular set of facts in a prior adjudicative proceeding jeopardy attaches. Accordingly, prosecution is barred.
- 22. As a matter of MDOC policy, Petitioner has no legal recourse until conclusion of any administrative processes. As further explained at Hearing, this matter violates those fundamental interests.

## **RELIEF SOUGHT**

WHEREFORE, Premises Considered, Bobo Petitions the Court to grant protection, both temporary and permanent, according to M.R.C.P. 65 and for extraordinary remedy upon the instant Petition.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, THIS 10th DAY OF MARCH, 2017.

JAMES R. BOBO, PETITIONER

BY HIS ATTORNEYS

Erich G. Jerscheid, Esq. (MSB#104982)

Erich G. Jerscheid, PLLC Post Office Box 55874-3935 Jackson, Mississippi 39296

Office: (601) 914-2741 Facsimile: (601) 605-0447 ejerscheid@redjlaw.com

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Erich G. Jerscheid, certify that a copy of the above and foregoing was caused the 10TH day of MARCH, 2017 to be sent to the following as provided in the manner below:

Hon. Corrie Cockrell, Legal Counsel:
Mississippi Department of Corrections
633 N. State Street
Jackson, Mississippi 39202
Via Email: ccockrell@mdoc.state.ms.us

Hon. Douglas Wade as legal counsel for:

Earnest Lee, Superintendent
Mississippi State Penitentiary
Post Office Box 1057 - Hwy 49 West
Parchman, MS 38738

Via email: doug@wadelawofficepllc.com

Hon. Gary Austin, County Prosecutor
Sunflower County, Mississippi
306 Main Street
Indianola, Mississippi 38751
Via Email: austingl@bellsouth.net

Hon. W. Ashley Hines
4th Judicial Circuit District
Post Office Box 1315
Greenville, Mississippi 38702-1315
Via Facsimile: (662)335-2381

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, ERICH GJERSCHEID, PLLC

Erich G. Jerscheid, Esq.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WITNESS SUBPOENA –
CIRCUIT COURT OF SUNFLOWER COUNTY, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI – GREETINGS:
TO: THE SHERIFF OR ANY OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO EXECUTE
You are hereby commanded to summon:
, or wherever he or she may be found.
if found to be, to be and personally appear before the Circuit Court of the County and State
aforesaid on the 13th day of March, 2017 A.D. at 10:30 a.m. then and there to testify in judicial
proceedings on behalf of James R. Bobo (for whose instance this writ was issued) to which
James R. Bobo is an interested party to proceedings and that herein fail not, unless satisfactorily
complied by sufficient form and contents of affidavit returnable to Erich G. Jerscheid, PLLC via
facsimile or electronic mail, prior to the time and date aforesaid, shall be under the penalty
prescribed by statute and have there then this writ.
GIVEN, under my hand and seal of said Court, this the, day of, 2015.
HON. CAROLYN P. HAMILTON,
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
Sunflower County, Mississippi
By:
Deputy Clerk

For questions, please inquire:
Erich G. Jerscheid, (MSB# 104982)
P.O. Box 55874-3935;
Jackson, Mississippi 39296;
(601) 398-9942; (601) 914-2741
Fax: (601) 605-0447
Ejerscheid@redjlaw.com
Attorney for James R. Bobo